

References

Formulae are used in spreadsheets to perform calculations. A formula will usually refer to a value in another cell e.g. we may click on cell C1 and type:

= A1 * B1

This formula is actually saying "multiply the value in the cell that is *two to the left*, by the value in cell *one to the left*". When we fill this formula down, the cells below will all follow suit and multiply the value in the cell *two to the left* by the value in cell *one to the left*. This is called **'relative referencing'**. The table shows the formulae that are created on filling down from cell C1.

	Α	В	С
1	1	12	= A1 * B1
2	2	12	= A2 * B2
3	3	12	= A3 * B3
4	4	12	= A4 * B4

The above spreadsheet is effectively working out the 12 times table. The problem is, if we decide to change the design so that it calculates the 13 times table, we have to change cells B1, B2, B3 and B4. There is a quicker way.

It would be better if we could type the number 12 in cell B1 only. We want our formula in cell C1 to say "multiply the value in the cell *two to the left* by the value *in cell B1*". We do this by placing a '\$' sign before the parts of the formula that should stay the same when we fill down.

	Α	В	С
1	1	12	= A1 * \$B\$1

Now when we fill down from cell C1, the formula will be copied to each cell, but the references after the \$ signs will not change.

	Α	В	С
1	1	12	= A1 * \$B\$1
2	2		= A2 * \$B\$1
3	3		= A3 * \$B\$1
4	4		= A4 * \$B\$1

We can easily change our times table by altering only the value in cell B1. This is called **'absolute referencing'**. **Note.** In this case, the reference B\$1 (rather than \$B\$1) would work, as we are always referring back from column C.

Task 1 - Relative References

The data below shows the *Cost Price* and *Sell Price* for a few products sold in a toyshop. Tax is paid by the toyshop to the supplier and by the customer to the toyshop. We will use a tax rate of 10%.

a. Open a new spreadsheet in 'Microsoft Excel' and copy the data below:

1	A B		C D		Е	F
1	Item	Cost Price	Tax Paid	Sell Price	Tax Received	Tax Owing
2	Scooter	60		105		1
3	Roller Blades	27		45		
4	Bike	99		180		
5	Ice Skates	45		85		

- **b.** Click on cell C2 and type the formula = **B2*0.1** (this will calculate 10% of the amount in B2).
- **c.** Fill down from cell C2 to cell C5. The formula should be copied to each cell.
- **d.** Repeat this process to calculate the tax received from the customer for each product (use 10% again).
- **e.** Calculate the tax owed to the government in cell F2, by subtracting the tax paid in cell C2 from the tax received in cell E2. Fill down the last two columns.

Task	c 2								
This spreadsheet uses relative referencing. This is fine, unless the rate of tax changes.									
a.	Change the spreads	sheet so that i	t calculate	s the 'Tax	k Paid' and t	the 'Tax R	eceived' at	a rate of 20%.	
b.	Write down everyth	ing you had to	o do to ma	ke this ch	nange.				
									_
									_
c.	Save the spreadshe	eet as " Refere	ences".						
Task	x 3 – Absolute Re	eferences							
	will now complete th		ısina absol	ute refere	encina.				
	•		_		_	new blank	worksheet.	. Copy the data below	w (vou
	can copy and paste								. (/ • •
		A 1 Tax Level	B 10%	С	D	Е	F	A	
		2 3 Item	Cost Price	Tax Paid	Sell Price	Tax Received	Tax Owing		
		4 Scooter 5 Roller Blades	60		105		run o tting	-	
		6 Bike	99		45 180			_	
		7 Ice Skates	45		85]	
b.	Click on cell C4 and	type the form	nula = B4 *	*\$B\$1					
c.	Fill down from cell (C4 to cell C7.	The formu	ıla should	be copied	to each ce	ell, maintair	ning the absolute refe	rence.
d.	Repeat this process	to calculate t	he tax rece	eived fror	n the custo	mer for ea	ch product	: (range E4:E7).	
e.	Calculate the tax ov	wing as before	·.						
d.	Change the tax leve	el from 10% to	o 20%.						
e.	Write down what ha	appens.							
									_
									_
f.	Save your work.								
Task	· 4								
a.	Explain the differen	ce between re	elative refe	rencing a	and absolute	e referenci	ng.		

a.	Explain the difference between relative referencing and absolute referencing.				
b.	How would you refer to the value in cell D3 from anywhere in the spreadsheet?				